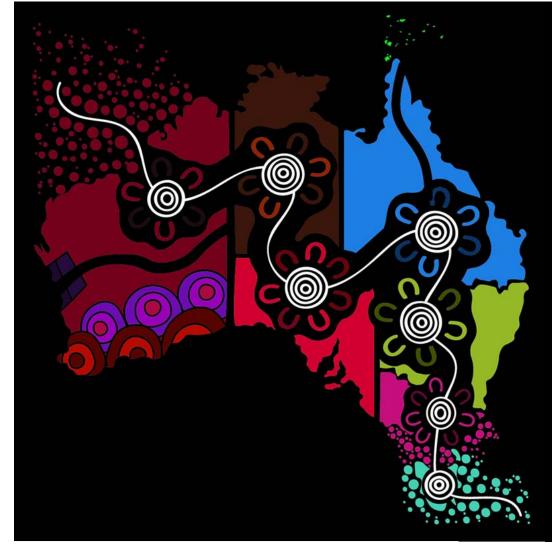
MATCHAL MATT TACKLING INDIGENOUS SMOKING



Building robust evaluation systems in Indigenous health

Examples from the Tackling Indigenous Smoking Program





We wish to acknowledge Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people as the traditional owners of Australia and custodians of the oldest continuous culture in the world, and pay respects to Elders past and present

Presentation outline



Tackling Indigenous Smoking (TIS) Program



Tobacco is one of the leading contributors to the burden of disease among Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander peoples



TIS is an adjunct to primary health care & is supplementary to broader measures for tobacco control eg. plain packaging and excise duties



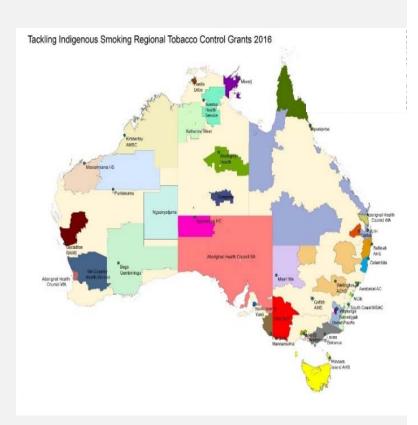
Overall goal of TIS is to improve health through local population specific efforts to reduce harm from tobacco



"Too many of our mob are dying too young. How many of the aunties and uncles have passed away this year, and 90% of them died from chronic diseases, and a lot from smoking related disease"

Regional Grants

- Focus on community engagement & involvement
- Community education & social marketing campaigns to supplement other health promotion
- Addressing social norms: encouraging smoke-free homes, workplaces, & public spaces
- Adopting a systems approach to quitting support
- Building regional partnerships
- M&E built into activity planning
- Promotion and use of evidence-based activities



National evaluation challenges



Different contexts require different approaches – activities and performance measures



Variation in M&E skills and capacity among grant recipients



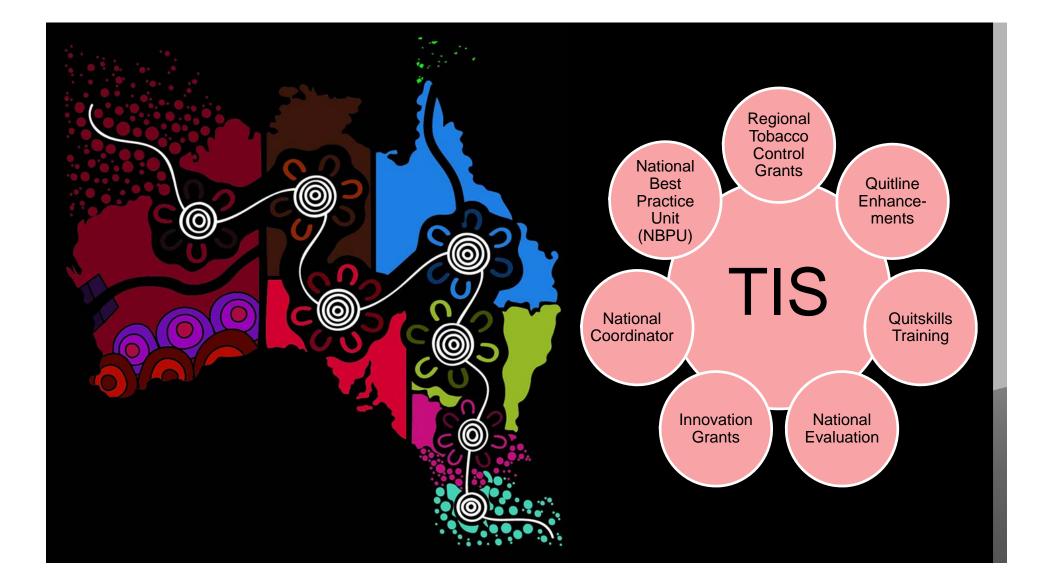
Short-term funding tied to capacity to show outcomes



Long-term nature of population-level smoking behaviour change

National Indicators

- 1. Quality & reach of community engagement
- 2. Organisations involved in tobacco reduction in the region
- 3. Building capacity to support quitting
- 4. Referrals to appropriate quitting support
- 5. Supporting smoke-free environments



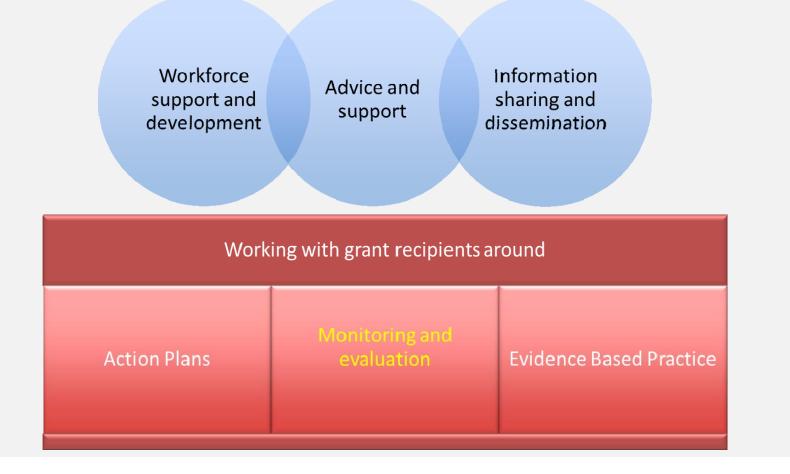
Who are NBPU TIS?







Role and activities



Resources on The TIS Portal



Welcome to the Tackling Indigenous Smoking (TIS) portal. This portal hosts information for organisations funded through the national Tackling Indigenous Smoking Programme, but will also be useful for people working in the many other initiatives that support Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people to quit or reduce their smoking.

This portal is where you will find information on the Tackling Indigenous Smoking Resource and Information Centre (TISRIC). The TISRIC has been developed by the National Best Practice Unit for Tackling Indigenous Smoking (NBPU TIS) and is tailored to the needs of TIS organisations, with information on: planning your activities and interventions; activities that work; resources that work; and how to determine how well your activities work.

You will also have access to publications, resources, and information about projects and activities that relate to tobacco cessation. Workforce information includes job opportunities, funding sources and other organisations interested in tobacco control. The events section has information on courses and training, conferences, workshops and other events. These resources have been brought together in one place to help you in your job to support your clients and communities.

This web resource also links to the TIS Yaming Place and many social media platforms to encourage information sharing and collaboration among TIS-funded organisations.





Contact NBPU TIS

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NATIONAL BEST PRACTICE UNIT

About NBPU TIS



View on Twitte

Does your program work?



How will you determine if your program is working? This section will provide you with a general overview of strategies and examples of tools to monitor and evaluate your programs.

For more information see also:

- · Tools and resources to monitor and evaluate your program
- Monitoring and evaluation methods

Monitoring and evaluating your project

The processes of monitoring and evaluation use carefully planned and well-thought-out methods to measure the success of a project (or program) in meeting its goals. They are an important part of the project management process, because they provide:

- evidence of what is working
- guidance on what could be done better, which can be used to improve your project's performance (progress towards and achievement of results)
- a check on whether you are meeting your project aims
- feedback to everyone involved in the project, including community members and partner organisations
 compliance with funding body reporting requirements.

Key terms used when talking about monitoring and evaluation are shown in Box 1.

Box 1: Monitoring and evaluation key terms

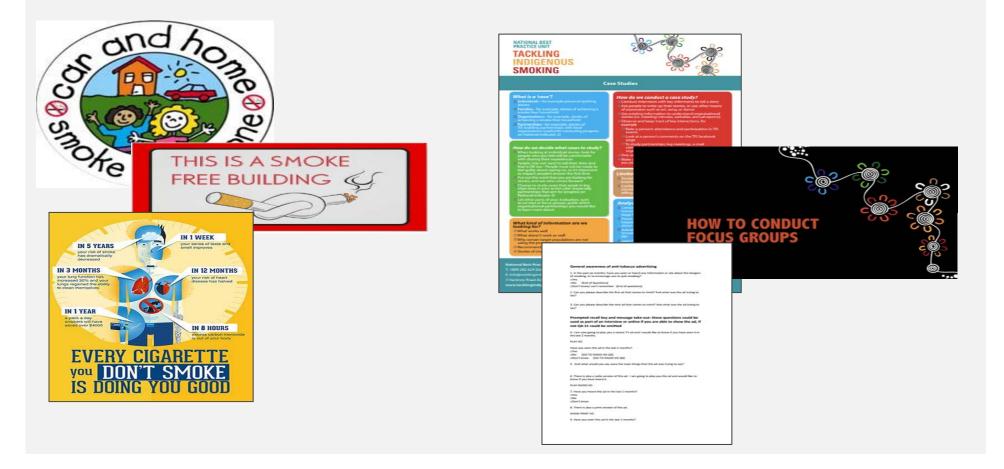
- performance: what the project is achieving (observable results)
- measurement: how we determine the impact of a project or program on intended outcomes (e.g. using a
 questionnaire to find out how many people have smoke-free homes or conducting interviews to find out
 how people keep their homes smoke-free)
- indicator: measures that show the extent of progress toward outcomes, especially differences in the lives
 of the people the project is working for
- data collection: process used to gather evidence (e.g. giving smoke-free event participants a questionnaire survey)
- output: what the project is producing with its resources (e.g. a specific activity, product or service)
- outcome: results and impacts of the project (e.g. a percentage reduction in smoking, a change in behaviour).



M&E Workshops



Individual team support

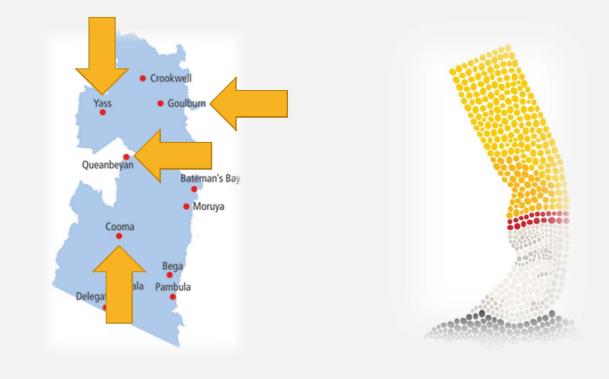


Tackling Indigenous Smoking

Grand Pacific Health



Butt Out Boondah





My health for life ____









Effects of smoking: Regional Context

Tobacco is one of the leading contributors to the burden of disease amongst Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander people. The health impacts of smoking is evident in the high number of hospitalisations from tobacco-related conditions such as chronic lung disease, cardiovascular disease, and many forms of cancer.

Australian Health Ministers' Advisory Council, 2015, Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Health Performance Framework 2014 Report. Canberra; AHMAC; 2015.

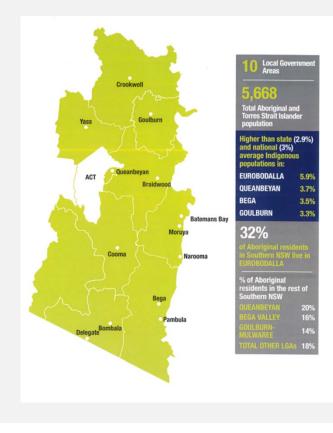
LGA	% Smokers (2011-12)		
Eurobodalla	21.6		
Bombala	21.0		
Goulburn-Mulwaree	20.7		
Bega Valley	19.8		
Cooma-Monaro	18.7		
Upper Lachlan	17.3		
Snowy River	17.0		
Queanbeyan	15.9		
Yass Valley	15.1		
Palerang	13.9		
NSW	16.2		
Australia	18.0		
011-13 Australian Health Survey Above Australian average Above NSW average	inal Population Factsheet 3, 201		

Smoking Related Hospitalisation in Aboriginal Population

Region	Rate per 100,000		
Southern NSW	2132		
Shoalhaven	2131		
NSW average	1583		

(NSW Ministry of Health. Admitted Patient Data Collection 2010-11. Sydney: NSW Health; 2012)

Challenges



Indigenous Smoking Rates during Pregnancy

Hospitals	% Indigenous Pregnant Smokers (2014)		
Queanbeyan	50		
Moruya	41		
Goulburn	40		
Illawarra-Shoalhaven	39		
Bega	33		
Cooma	20		
Region average	37		

(NSW Perinatal Data Collection 2012, SNSWLHD AMIHS 2010-11)

Supporting Community



Activities linked to Prevention, Quitting and Maintaining

Activity	Prevention	Quitting	Maintaining
Social media		The second states	
Education			
Community champions			
Training			Profession of
Workplace support			
Cessation support			Cast Company & Mar
Pathways			













BUILDING CAPACITY TO SUPPORT QUITTING





ORGANISATIONS INVOLVED IN TOBACCO REDUCTION

OUTCOMES



Of the 12 smokers who started the program, THREE GUARTERS reported a change in their smoking behavior, 8 of which gave up completely.

100% of participants reported strengthed knowledge around smaking laws and environmental smoke.

MORE INFORMATION:

www.gph.org.au/BoB





Further information

Preliminary Evaluation Report:

CIRCO <u>http://www.aodknowledgecentre.net.au/aodkc/aodkc-tobacco/tackling-</u> indigenous-smoking/does-your-program-work/circa-documents

www.circaresearch.com.au

Grand Pacific Health

butt out

boondat

NBPU TIS Portal: <u>http://www.aodknowledgecentre.net.au/aodkc/aodkc-tobacco/tackling-</u> indigenous-smoking

Grand Pacific Health: <u>http://www.gph.org.au/our-health-services/aboriginal-health/butt-out-boondah</u>